Applicant: Sahiri et al. **Application No.:** Not Yet Known

IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) Device (1) for the analysis or absorption measurement of a small quantity, for example, of a drop, of a liquid medium (2) using light (3), which is guided through the medium (2) and then can be detected or analyzed photometrically, spectrophotometrically, fluorometrically, orspectrofluorometrically, wherein the device (1) [[has]] comprising a receiving point (4) area at a top thereof in a position of use for depositing or applying the medium (2) in drops, a light inlet (5) oriented horizontally in [[the]] a position of use and located underneath the receiving point (4) in [[its]] a housing (6), and a first device (7) located behind the light inlet (5) providing a beam path for guiding the light upwards towards the receiving point (4), characterized in that the device (1) has a reflector (8), which can be attached detachably above the receiving point (4); [[that]] the reflector (8) has a defined spacing from the receiving point (4) in a position of use, which is filled or can be filled by the medium (2) at least in an area of the light passage; and [[that]] a second device (9) is provided for guiding the light coming from the reflector (8) towards a detector.

- 2. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, wherein characterized in that the receiving point (4) can be accessed as a surface area from above and the medium (2) to be analyzed can be fixed or held by a force of gravity at the receiving point (4).
- 3. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, wherein or 2, characterized in that the receiving point (4) has dimensions so large such that the light (3) moving through the receiving point towards the reflector (8) and reflected back from the reflector is guided at least once, especially twice, through the receiving point (4) and/or through the medium (2).

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4. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, wherein one of Claims 1 to 3,

characterized in that a light guide or light-guiding fiber bundle (10) is arranged for

guiding the light towards the receiving point (4) from the first device (7) and a light

guide or a fiber bundle (11) guiding the light for guiding the light coming from the

reflector (8) and the sample is arranged, in particular, between the receiving point

(4) and the second device (9).

5. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 4, wherein one of Claims 1 to 4,

characterized in that optics (12), comprising at least one convergent lens, which

bundles the light and which is coupled optically with the light guide(s) (10, 11), is

provided underneath the receiving point (4) for the medium (2).

6. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 5, wherein one of Claims 1 to 5,

characterized in that the receiving point (4) is an area recess on the top side of the

device (1) underneath the reflector (8) and is formed, in particular, by a boundary of

the optics or lens (12) facing the receiving point or by the light guides (10, 11)

ending at the receiving point position, wherein the lens or optics (12) and/or the

ends of the light guides (10, 11) are set back relative to a top side (13) of [[the]] a

holder for the lens or optics (12) or the light guides.

7. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 6, wherein one of Claims 1 to 6,

characterized in that the lens or optics (12) coupled with the light guides (10, 11)

are simultaneously formed as a closing window of the device (1), on which the

sample of the medium (2) to be analyzed can be applied in drops.

8. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, wherein one of Claims 1 to 7,

characterized in that the reflector (8) is a mirror or a reflecting prism and touches

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the sample of the medium (2) without spacing in the position of use.

9. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, wherein one of Claims 1 to 8,

characterized in that the measurement distance through the sample is twice as

large as a spacing of the receiving surface (4) from a surface of the reflector (8) and

the light travels twice through the spacing.

10. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, wherein one of Claims 1 to 9,

characterized in that the reflector (8), which can be set or attached detachably, is

locked in rotation and centered relative to the device (1) and the housing (6).

11. (Currently amended) Device according to <u>Claim 9</u>, wherein one of <u>Claims 1 to</u>

10, characterized in that the spacing of the reflector (8) from the receiving point (4)

is set by at least one spacer (16) between the reflector (8) and the housing (6) or a

stop.

12. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, wherein one of the preceding

claims, characterized in that the device (1) has outer dimensions of a cell, which can

be used in a photometer, spectrophotometer, fluorometer, or spectrofluorometer and

which is struck by light therefrom, and [[that]] the devices (7, 9) arranged in the

interior of the device (1) for feeding or guiding light are arranged at the point of a

position in the device (1), at which inlet and outlet windows for the light (3) used for

the measurement are provided in typical cells, wherein the first device (7) for

guiding light directs the light emitted by [[the]] a photometer or the like towards

the receiving surface (4) and the second device (9) for guiding light directs the light

coming back from the measurement point towards the detector.

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13. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, wherein one of Claims 1 to

12, characterized in that the device is comprised of glass or plastic and has, in the

area of the light inlet (5), as a first guiding device (7), a tilted prism or a tilted

mirror facing a shaft (18) or channel at a right angle to the light inlet for a light

guide (10) and parallel to the guide another light guide (11) with a second tilted

prism or tilted mirror, which is arranged at the opening and which lies opposite an

outlet window for the light or forms [[this]] the window.

14. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, wherein one of Claims 1 to

13, characterized in that the outer dimensions of a cross section of the device (1)

corresponds to those of a standard cell and equal, in particular, 12.5 mm x 12.5 mm.

15. (Currently amended) Device according to Claim 1, wherein one of Claims 1 to

14, characterized in that the outgoing light beam is aligned with the incoming light

beam or encloses a right angle with the incoming beam.

16. (New) Device according to claim 14, wherein the outer dimensions equal 12.5

mm x 12.5 mm.

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